

Grantee: Minot, ND

Grant: B-12-MT-38-0001

April 1, 2024 thru June 30, 2024 Performance Report

Grant Number:

B-12-MT-38-0001

Obligation Date:**Award Date:****Grantee Name:**

Minot, ND

Contract End Date:**Review by HUD:**

Original - In Progress

Grant Award Amount:

\$67,575,964.00

Grant Status:

Active

QPR Contact:

No QPR Contact Found

LOCCS Authorized Amount:

\$67,575,964.00

Estimated PI/RL Funds:

\$317,997.95

Total Budget:

\$67,893,961.95

Disasters:

Declaration Number

FEMA-1981-ND

Narratives

Disaster Damage:

The City of Minot, North Dakota, the county seat for Ward County, was inundated with flood waters on June 22, 2011. Concern about flooding began as early as January 2011, when Governor Jack Dalrymple declared a state emergency to provide flood protection in the Devils Lake Basin. By May 20th, President Obama had issued an emergency management declaration and two major disaster declarations for Public Assistance in North Dakota. All involved snow or water and all included Ward County and the City of Minot.

The eastern portion of Saskatchewan, Canada, like North Dakota, received above normal precipitation during the summer and fall of 2010, which left the ground saturated. This was followed by above normal snowfall in the winter of 2010-2011. Water levels were high throughout the Souris River Basin.

The Mouse River (as it is referred to in North Dakota), in the Minot area, started to rise in April 2011, and continued to rise throughout May. On May 23rd, emergency levee operations began and on May 31st the City ordered the first mandatory evacuation of thousands of people. The river crested approximately one foot lower than expected and residents were allowed to return to their homes. Subsequently, the river continued to rise.

On June 22nd, water began to overtop levees in Burlington and Minot, evacuation sirens were activated and mandatory evacuation orders were given for Burlington and Minot. At the Sherwood gauge, the first one south of the Canadian border, the Mouse River peaked at 29,700 cubic feet per second (cfs), surpassing the previous record of 14,800 cfs in 1976.

The geographic impacts included approximately 11,456 acres of land in Ward County inundated with anywhere between two and fifteen feet of water, impacting more than 4,800 structures throughout the valley. This includes the City of Minot, where the flood impacted the four mile area located in the center of town residing in the Mouse River Valley. This area was the oldest and most heavily developed portion of the City and included the downtown business district.

The damage to the City included 4,100 homes flooded with 3,100 lost or extensively damaged. There were 11,000 individuals displaced. Six public schools were severely damaged with two being completely lost. Twelve of 27 sanitary lift stations and all City water wells were inundated. This flood has left lasting damage to the City of Minot and its citizens including damage to eight river storm pump stations, 277 street lights, as well as many other vital components to infrastructure. An assessment completed by the Army Corps of Engineers states that "an estimated \$600 million of property and infrastructure damage" resulted from the flood. The City of Minot was declared eligible for federal assistance under FEMA 1981-DR.

Recovery Needs:

HOUSING The City of Minot has extensive unmet needs for housing. Based on the most recent data, SBA has approved \$185,653,100 at an average of \$103,601 per loan. There are 857 loans yet to be approved. Using the average of \$103,601 per loan there is an estimated \$88,786,057 in unmet needs. This corresponds to the FEMA/SBA/HUD formula which identifies an estimate of \$49,885,535.22 in unmet needs for major and severe damages. Based on the current data, the minimum unmet need for housing is at least \$49,885,535.22 and as high as \$88,786,057. The projected housing impact combines the \$185,653,100 that SBA has approved in loans plus \$88,786,057 in remaining unmet needs for a total of \$274,439,157. As of the writing of the Action Plan, FEMA reported that a total of 1,478 households were still in FEMA temporary housing units. Of these, 1,086 are homeowner households and 392 are renter households. It has become almost impossible for renter households to find available rental units as the City of Minot has a less than 1% vacancy rate. When a rental unit does become available the costs are almost triple the pre-flood rate and outside the means for low-and-moderate income households. **INFRASTRUCTURE** Impacts to infrastructure resulted in 2,923 FEMA project worksheets obligated for the DR-



1981-ND FEMA disaster. Obligated public assistance funds equal \$173,207,650. Infrastructure and public facility damage estimates totaled approximately \$368,187,378. After FEMA assistance, approximately \$178,977,378 remained in unmet needs. The following list of flood damages was reported by the City of Minot, Minot Public Schools, and the Minot Park District to the State of North Dakota Legislators in the fall of 2011: 6 Minot Public Schools severely damaged to include the complete loss of 2 schools 51 Park buildings damaged 5 baseball fields damaged 29 zoo buildings damaged, causing the zoo to close Roosevelt pool and bathhouse lost Oak Park splash pad and mechanical building lost 9 playgrounds damaged 12 churches damaged 20 plus water system breaks 12 of 27 sanitary lift stations inundated with water 13 (all) water wells inundated with water 8 river pump stations damaged 30 to 40 sink holes from ground water 3 pedestrian bridges damaged 2 highway/street bridges damaged 277 street lights damaged 16 electrical feed points damaged 10 traffic lights damaged 1,000 traffic signs were damaged 51 miles of roads, sewer and water lines were damaged 33 miles of storm sewers damaged ECONOMIC Businesses located along the Mouse River were significantly impacted by flood waters directly through property loss and interruption of daily operations. These losses had an immediate impact on the lives of residents, the operations of the City of Minot, and the future healthy economic development of the region. Recovery from the flood event of 2011 is critical for the businesses of the City of Minot. Strong employment, continuous services and business growth will result if steps are taken to assist in the recovery of the business sector. A survey of businesses showed the most pressing current needs identified by the impacted businesses in Minot (in order of importance) are construction, manufacturing, wholesale, restaurant/bar, hotel/motel, transportation, and retail workers. It appears from the report their major concern was "appropriate staffing" and housing for employees. Businesses that have rebuilt cannot find available housing for their employees. It is estimated approximately \$52,498,621 remains in unmet needs. ACTION PLAN AMENDMENT #1 The City will be deleting one of its original proposed projects identified in the approved Action Plan: "3rd Street Sewer System Improvements". The project is being removed due to time sensitive issues which will not allow the projects to move forward using CDBG disaster recovery funding. The City deleted the 3rd Street Sewer System Improvements and transferred the funds to the Master Lift

Public Comment:

The City received 68 official comments on the proposed 2012 CDBG Disaster Recovery Action Plan during the public comment period. Comments were received by e-mail during the official comment period of June 26, 2012 through July 3, 2012. The Proposed 2012 CDBG Disaster Recovery Action Plan was posted on the City's websites. The Public Hearing was held on June 28, 2012, at City Hall. Approximately 77 people attended the hearing and the transcript from the hearing, as well as all received comments, are included in the Action Plan.

Amendment #1 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #2 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #3 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #4 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #5 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #6 - Five official public comments were received.

Amendment #7 - One official public comment was received.

Amendment #8 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #9 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #10 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #11 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #12 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #13 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #14 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #15 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #16 - No public comments were received.

Amendment #17 - No public comments were received.

Overall

Total Projected Budget from All Sources

Total Budget

This Report Period

\$0.00

\$0.00

To Date

\$67,893,961.95

\$67,893,961.95



Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$63,652,582.34
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$63,652,582.34
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$63,334,584.39
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$317,997.95
Program Income Received	\$0.00	\$317,997.95
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$63,652,582.34
HUD Identified Most Impacted and Distressed	\$0.00	\$63,652,582.34
Other Funds	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Match Funds	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Non-Match Funds	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

Funds Expended

Overall	This Period	To Date
CDM Smith	\$ 0.00	\$ 859,275.00
City of Minot	\$ 0.00	\$ 62,793,307.34

Progress Toward Required Numeric Targets

Requirement	Target	Projected	Actual
Overall Benefit Percentage	50.00%	53.58%	50.75%
Minimum Non Federal Match	\$.00	\$.00	\$.00
Overall Benefit Amount	\$31,569,271.54	\$33,827,148.19	\$32,042,994.91
Limit on Public Services	\$10,136,394.60	\$.00	\$.00
Limit on Admin/Planning	\$13,515,192.80	\$4,755,418.87	\$3,683,326.60
Limit on Admin	\$3,378,798.20	\$3,377,382.14	\$2,351,652.47
Most Impacted and Distressed	\$67,575,964.00	\$67,893,961.95	\$63,652,582.34

Overall Progress Narrative:

The City continues to closeout completed projects. Overall, the Disaster Recovery Program is maintaining compliance with the performance metrics established in the Performance Schedule outlined in the Action Plan.

The Internal Auditor concluded the CDBG-DR quarterly website monitoring review with the report written on July 17, 2024. The Small Rental, Rehabilitation, & Reconstruction Program (SRRRP) is narrowing down as recipients are reaching the end of their terms of subrogation agreements. The program continues to be reviewed and steps to maintain compliance and remedy any noncompliance are underway. Any updates on the SRRRP will continue to be entered in the DRGR system under Compliance/Monitoring. A flood project timeline is being documented to establish compliance verification of acquisition projects to policies and is being monitored by the Internal Auditor. The Internal Auditor will continue to provide technical assistance as issues arise.

Project Summary

Project #, Project Title	This Report	To Date	
	Program Funds Drawdown	Project Funds Budgeted	Program Funds Drawdown
01-Admin, Administration	\$0.00	\$3,377,382.14	\$2,339,551.29
02-ISP, Public Infrastructure	\$0.00	\$20,161,239.90	\$20,161,172.37
03-Housing, Homeowner Housing	\$0.00	\$25,608,471.37	\$24,083,588.94
04-Rent, Rental Housing	\$0.00	\$8,322,443.23	\$6,538,423.23
05-Relo, Relocation	\$0.00	\$259,390.51	\$259,390.51
06-Plan, Planning	\$0.00	\$1,378,036.73	\$1,286,819.98
07-ECO REV, Economic Revitalization	\$0.00	\$8,786,998.07	\$8,665,638.07
9999, Restricted Balance	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00



Monitoring, Audit, and Technical Assistance

Event Type	This Report Period	To Date
Monitoring, Audits, and Technical Assistance	0	102
Monitoring Visits	0	36
Audit Visits	0	12
Technical Assistance Visits	0	2
Monitoring/Technical Assistance Visits	0	52
Report/Letter Issued	0	86

